Role of Sachkhand Gurudwara in Financial and Socio-Economic Development of Sikh Community in Nanded District.

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Role of Sachkhand Gurudwara in Financial and Socio-Economic Development of Sikh Community in Nanded City: A Case Study

Abstract:

The Sikh communities are fourth largest community in India next to Hindu religion, Muslim, Christian respectively. Sikh communities are present all over the states of India, the maximum concentrate Sikhs in Punjab states of the country. Out of the total population of Sikhs n India, more than 75 percent Sikhs are reside in Punjab itself only, the 6 percent in Haryana, Delhi and Rajasthan and so on. Therefore, the researcher has been striving to examine important issues in the context of Sikh religion and their impact on economic growth. It's also emphasis on education, employment generation and economic well-being of Sikh community in Nanded city.

Keywords: Sikh religion, employment generation, education and economic growth etc.

1. Introduction:

The Sikh religion which is originated in the late 15th century in the Punjab region of the country based on the revelation of Guru Nanak. The Punjab region of the Indian subcontinent has been historic homeland of the Sikhs. The total 30 million population of Sikhs community resides in India; Punjab has the largest Sikhs proportion amongst all administrative divisions of the country, world-wide Sikhs community presence in 34 countries. The scripture and related literature on Sikhs religion are available in Punjabi and South Asian languages.

Nanded city is the second largest next to Aurangabad city in Marathwada, Takhat Sachkhand Gurudwara is the main Gurudwara of Nanded is one of the high seats of Authority of the Sikhs. This is the place where Shri GuruGobind Singhji breathed hist last breath. The Gurudwara is situated in central location of Nanded city, which is built by Maharaja Ranjit Singhji, the great ruler of Punjab between 1830 to 1839 A.D. The control of Takhat Sachkhand Huzur Sahib which had formerly passed into the hands of Udasi Sikh priest was regained by thye Sikhs under the influence of the Singh Sabha movement in nineteenth century. In 1956 an act was passed by legislature of Hydrabad under which management of Takhat Sachkhand Gurudwara and other historical Gurudwara was legally recognized under 17 members Gurudwara Board along with five memebers in managing committee to control over the all activities of Gurudwara.

2. Rational of the Study:

The Sachkhand Gurudwar of Nanded is one of the five Takhats which are place in the city; it has primary importance of the Sikhs community. There is working management committee work together with harmony. The Sachkhand Gurudwara Nanded has huge potential to develop quality services by using human resource along with updated management system. The Sikh communities having big opportunity to avail employment at Sachkhand Gurudwara to serve peoples come from all over the globe. At the time emergence of Sikh religion has come to acquire a distinctive identity. The community has facing formidable socio-economic challenges in this scenario. The Sachkhand Gurudwara is became a primary income source of the communities in the Nanded city. There is scope to work life long, because there need quality labour force to provide efficient services to pilgrims.

In this research study, researcher has largely focused on administrative activities, human development, income and employment generation for Sikhs community.

3. Significance of the Study:

The important issues have been raised in socio-economic development, social-mobility, and attitude towards literacy, wealth and family life etc. All these issues are inter connected like social, economic, educational and political need to address. The Sachkhand Gurudwara is playing key role to provide access in terms of employment, education and health services with affordable for all their employees along with their communities. That is way to empower the Sikh community and contribute to the welfare mankind.

4. Objectives of the study

1) To Study The Financial Performance of Sachkhand Gurudwara Nanded
2) To Study The Socio-Economic Status of Sikhs Community in Nanded City
3) To Know The Contribution in Employment Generation of Sachkhand Gurudwara Nanded
4) To know The Satisfaction Level of Employees towards Sachkhand Gurudwara Nanded
5) To Investigate The Status of Infrastructure of Sachkhand Gurudwara Nanded

6) To Understand The Services and Facilities Provided by Sachkhand Gurudwara to Pilgrimage.

5. Hypotheses of the Research study:

H0: The Contribution of Sachkhand Gurudwara in Developing Socio-Economic conditions of Employees is not Significant.

H1: The Contribution of Sachkhand Gurudwara in Developing Socio-Economic conditions of Employees is significant.

H0: There is no Significant efforts taken by Sachkhand Gurudwara regarding employment Generation

H1: There is Significant Efforts Taken by Sachkhand Gurudwara Regarding Employment Generation

H0: Employees of Sachkhand Gurudwara are not satisfied with their Remuneration and services**.**

H1: Employees of Sachkhand Gurudwara are satisfied with their remuneration and services**.**

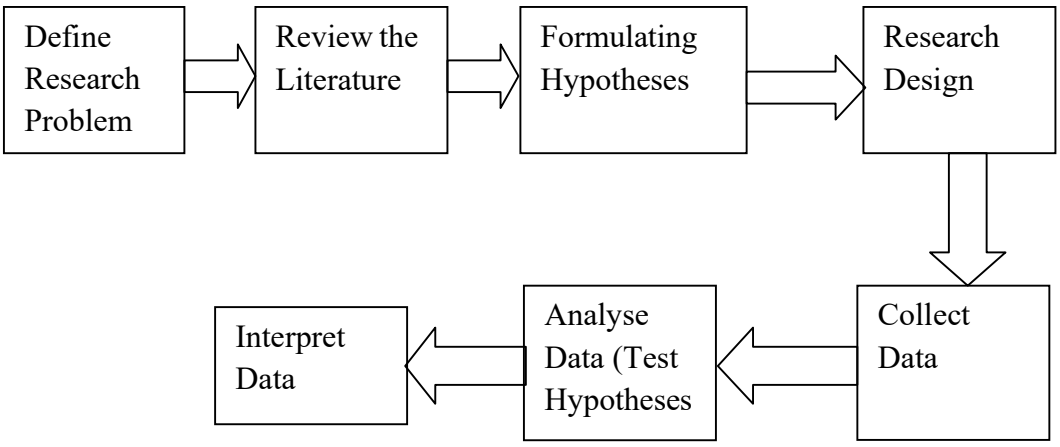
H0: The Infrastructure of Sachkhand Gurudwara is not Significant Impact on Pilgrimage Attitudes.

H1: The Infrastructure of Sachkhand Gurudwara is Significant Impact on Pilgrimage Attitudes.

6. Research methodology

6.1 Research Process:

This is most important elements to elaborate the research problems, research process consists of series of steps are necessary before details on research methodology and techniques. Researcher has studied entitle' **Role of Sachkhand Gurudwara in Financial and Socio-Economic Development of Sikh in Nanded city: A Case Study**' for the research. The following research procedure has an applied as follow as.



According to the above mentioned fig the research process has group of action related to each other's; researcher has to be constantly anticipating at each step in the research process the requirements of subsequent steps.

6.2 Research design

Researcher has advance planning for research methods to be adopted for further process to collecting relevant data. The primary data source and secondary data source will be used for fulfillment of the research objectives. The researcher data will be collected by using primary data from employees of Sachkhand Gurudwara, along with will use SRTM University (Digital) library, Journals, magazines, articles and newspaper etc. The entire processes were relying on field work as well as imperial published data where month wise updated by Sachkhand Gurudwara Nanded.

6.3 Sampling:

The selection of sampling researcher will be use the Purposive/deliberate sampling method. In the non-probability/purposive sampling method by using this method will select sufficient representative numbers of employees.

6.4 Universe/ Population of the Study:

The researcher will be conduct research work to the population as an aggregate of all the units (3200 Employees) define population of this research study.

6.5 Sample Size:

Out of 3200 employees 10% (320) employees will be taken as sample for this research work along with that, 200 pilgrimage will be select randomly by using non-probability sampling methods. The selection of this sample will be based on major two elements to be considered as following.

1) Employees are resided geographically same places.
2) Pilgrimage Homogeneous towards Sachkhand Gurudwara.

6.6 Sources of Data Collection:

The research study will be depends on mainly secondary and primary data sources. Data and information has been collected from the field work by using questionnaires and checklists prepared to address the specific components and to collect information from employees of Sachkhand Gurudwara for knowing the research gap and fulfilling those where is necessary.

6.7 Primary data sources:

Primary data was collected from farmers by research questionnaire on field survey, also through meetings, group discussion, interviews who are working as an employee in Sachkhand Gurudwara Nanded. The questionnaire is principally a schedule intended to capture the employees perceptions on the prevailing scenario and anticipated benefits that can be understand. The survey will also cover key social and demographic indicator.

6.8 Survey:

Researcher will be visit Sachkhand Gurudwara to ask the questions to employees fill-up the questionnaire accordingly.

6.9 Structured questionnaire

This technique is most effective and efficient tools for data collection in mass, the researcher will be asked open and close ended questions for to getting required information.

6.10 Interviews and discussion:

Researcher will be scheduled for interviews with Sachkhand Gurudwara employees and asked open ended questions along with that to make discussions between employees collectively to complete questionnaire.

6.11 Schedules Method:

Researcher will be use schedules methods to collecting data from an employee's of Sachkhand Gurudwara.

6.12 Contact Methods:

Researcher will be used contact method to collecting necessary data, selected sampled of Sachkhand Gurudwara employees to filled structured questionnaire.

6.13 Telephonic Techniques:

Researcher has used telephonic techniques to make appointments with employees of Sachkhand Gurudwara for collecting data. This technique has worked very efficient manner to confirm the relevant information through cross check as well.

6.14 Secondary data sources:

Secondary data means the data already available in published form which published someone else, in the form of magazines, journal, research paper, research articles, and newspapers books and also from Sachkhand Gurudwara annual reports.

7. Statistical Tools and Techniques:

Researcher will be used (SPSS) software for the analysis data and hypothesis testing to elaborate the different variables in the research study.

8. Interpretation of Primary Data:

According to, research plan primary data will be made in tabulation form and calculation in different farm of statistical tables. Tabulated data will be presented in graphs such as pie-charts, clustered column, and line graphs.

9. Limitation of the Study:

There is limitation to study which are listed as follow as:

1) By considering time and money for this research work some limitations may bind to come in the research work.
2) There limitations of present employees in offices a shift.

Chapter Plan

I Introduction

II Review of Literature

III Profile of Nanded District

IV Theoretical Framework of Sikhs

V Data Interpretation

VI Conclusion, Findings and Suggestions

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Research Scholar **Research Guide**